

INDRA INCREASED ITS ORDER INTAKE, REVENUES AND BACKLOG AND IMPROVED ITS PROFITABILITY IN 9M18

- **9M18 order intake kept growing in local currency (+8%) above revenues (+6%)**
- **Backlog surpassed €4bn and went up by +9%**
- **Revenues up +6% in local currency in 9M18. Transport increased revenues by +42% in 3Q18**
- **9M18 EBITDA reached €183m and grew by +7%. EBITDA Margin improved to 8.4% in 9M18 and to 9.4% in 3Q18**
- **3Q18 EBIT amounted to €56m excluding the €13.5m provision for the CNMC fine vs €46m in 3Q17**
- **Order intake and sales in Brazil grew in local currency +26% and +7%, respectively. EBIT Margin was 5.1%**
- **Indra maintains its 2018 guidance**

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Madrid, November 7, 2018.- Fernando Abril-Martorell, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Indra: “We continued implementing the transformation initiatives and the cultural change announced in our new strategic plan 2018-2020 during this third quarter. In addition, we stepped up our efforts in the expense and investment side in order to keep on improving our information systems, the factories transformation and the brand evolution. The new organizations developed in both IT and T&D, the renewal of the structure of the offer and of the brands, which have been applied individually in all the company’s markets, as well as the efficiency and transformation plans undertook, start to be reflected on our quarterly results”.

“9M18 results kept showing order intake growth, above revenues, whereas the backlog continued to increase surpassing the €4bn threshold. All these reasons improve the visibility of our future growth. Revenues in the accumulated period delivered solid performance. Of note is the back to growth of Transport. At the same time, both the EBITDA and the company’s margin improved in the third quarter and also in the accumulated period. With these quarter results, we maintain our 2018 guidance”.

MAIN FIGURES	9M18	9M17	Variation (%) Reported / Local currency	3Q18	3Q17	Variation (%) Reported / Local currency
	(€M)	(€M)		(€M)	(€M)	
Net Order Intake	2,466	2,351	4.9 / 8.1	677	691	(2.1) / 0.9
Revenues	2,174	2,116	2.7 / 5.8	711	737	(3.5) / (0.9)
Backlog	4,032	3,694	9.1	4,032	3,694	9.1
Gross Operating Result (EBITDA)	183	171	7.4 / 8.8	67	63	6.0 / 7.6
EBITDA Margin	8.4%	8.1%	0.3 pp	9.4%	8.5%	0.9 pp
Operating Result (EBIT)	115	124	(6.9) / (5.5)	42	46	(8.2) / (6.6)
EBIT margin	5.3%	5.8%	(0.5) pp	6.0%	6.3%	(0.3) pp
Net Profit	55	85	(35.4)	18	47	(61.8)
Net Debt Position	686	680	0.9	686	680	0.9
Free Cash Flow	(46)	44	(204.1)	15	75	(79.9)
Basic EPS (€)	0.310	0.495	(37.4)	NA	NA	NA

T&D	9M18	9M17	Variation (%) Reported / Local currency	3Q18	3Q17	Variation (%) Reported / Local currency
	(€M)	(€M)		(€M)	(€M)	
Revenues	777	811	(4.2) / (3.0)	259	258	0.1 / 1.0
Operating Result (EBIT)	99	106	(6.0)	33	36	(9.7)
EBIT margin	12.8%	13.0%	(0.2) pp	12.6%	14.0%	(1.4) pp

Minsait (IT)	9M18	9M17	Variation (%) Reported / Local currency	3Q18	3Q17	Variation (%) Reported / Local currency
	(€M)	(€M)		(€M)	(€M)	
Revenues	1,396	1,305	7.0 / 11.3	452	478	(5.5) / (1.9)
Operating Margin	64	38	68.8	32	19	68.3
% Revenues	4.6%	2.9%	1.7 pp	7.1%	4.0%	3.1 pp
Operating Result (EBIT)	16	18	(12.0)	10	10	(2.4)
EBIT margin	1.1%	1.4%	(0.3) pp	2.2%	2.1%	0.1 pp

9M18 backlog grew +11% in local currency (+9% in reported terms). T&D backlog reached its highest level in the last 3 years (€2,720m).

9M18 order intake went up +8% in local currency (+5% in reported figures) due to the strong growth reached by the T&D division.

- 9M18 order intake in T&D increased by +23% in local currency, boosted by the Transport segment (with AMEA, America and Spain posting robust growth).

- 9M18 order intake in Minsait (IT) slightly increased by +1% in local currency, negatively impacted by the difficult comparison vs the last year (Elections business in AMEA). Excluding the Elections business, order intake would have grown +13% in reported figures.

9M18 revenues rose +6% in local currency (+3% in reported terms), mainly due to the contribution of acquisitions¹ and the strong growth recorded by Transport in 3Q18 (+42% in reported terms).

FX impact amounted to €-65m in 9M18.

Digital solutions revenues reached €281m (+26% vs 9M17), which represents 20% of the Minsait (IT) division.

Tecnocom restructuring process finished in 1H18. Operating synergies continue to be delivered as expected.

9M18 EBITDA improved by +7%, equivalent to an EBITDA Margin of 8.4% vs 8.1% in 9M17.

3Q18 EBITDA Margin improved to 9.4% vs 8.5% in 3Q17.

9M18 EBIT decreased by -7% vs 9M17, negatively affected by both the Tecnocom restructuring costs that took place in the half-year (€13.3m) and the CNMC fine² in the third quarter (€13.5m). Excluding these impacts, EBIT would have increased by +8% (€142m in 9M18 vs €132m in 9M17).

- 9M18 EBIT Margin was 5.3% (6.5% excluding the effects mentioned above) vs 5.8% in 9M17 (6.2% excluding Tecnocom restructuring costs).
- 3Q18 EBIT reached €42m (€56m excluding the CNMC fine) vs €46m in 3Q17. EBIT Margin in 3Q18 was 6.0% (7.9% ex CNMC fine) vs 6.3% in 3Q17.
- T&D EBIT Margin was 12.8%, similar to 9M17 (13.0%).
- Minsait (IT) operating margin reached 4.6% in 9M18 vs 2.9% in 9M17, backed by the improvement in the operational profitability. Minsait (IT) reported EBIT Margin was 1.1% in 9M18 vs 1.4% in 9M17.

Financial results worsened by €6m vs 9M17 due to the lower financial income from the cash position in Brazil (€+2m), hedging adjustments (€+3m) on projects (changes in milestones and scopes), and the expense (€+1m) of higher amount of gross debt despite its lower cost.

The IFRS 15 application had a negative impact of €-22m in revenues and €-5m in EBIT in 9M18.

9M18 Operating Cash Flow before net working capital showed an increase of +6% (€163m vs €154m) helped by the improvement in the operational profitability and despite the higher restructuring costs associated with Tecnocom in 9M18 vs 9M17.

- 9M18 Free Cash Flow reached €-46m (vs €44m in 9M17) affected by the seasonality of the third quarter, as well as by the difficult comparison vs 3Q17, when a relevant working capital contribution took place.

Net debt increased to €686m in 9M18 vs €588m in December 2017, explained by the negative cash generation in the period (€-46m) and the acquisition of Advanced Control Systems (c. €40m).

Net Debt/EBITDA LTM ratio stood at 2.5x.

¹ Acquisitions: Tecnocom, which started to consolidate on 18 April 2017; Paradigma, which started to consolidate on 1 January 2018; ACS (Advanced Control Systems) will start to consolidate on the Income Statement on 1 October 2018.

² On 31 July 2018 Indra received notification of the National Commission on Markets and Competition (CNMC) Decision regarding the April 2016 file against eleven companies in the computing services and applications sector. The CNMC considered that these eleven companies may have undertaken practices contrary to the Competition regulation. Said Decision fines Indra with €13.5M, which was totally provisioned in 3Q18. Indra took actions against this Decision and appealed to the National High Court.

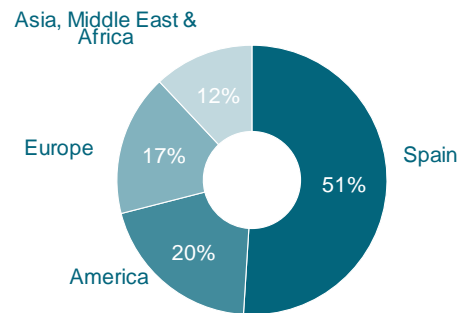
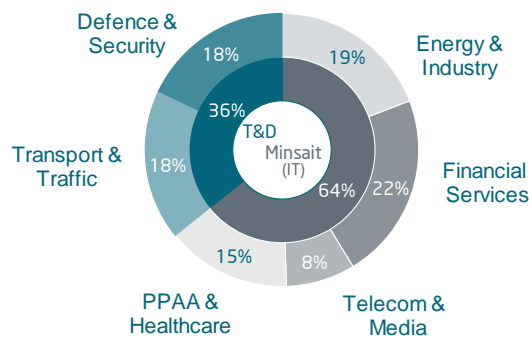
Excluding the cash outflows from the acquisitions payments in 2017 and 2018, the ratio would have fallen to 1.4x.

Net profit of the group decreased by -35% vs 9M17, dragged by the CNMC fine (€13.5m) and higher Tecnocon restructuring costs (€5m variation), as well as by higher amortizations (€21m variation) and the impact of the optimization of the Company's taxable income in Brazil in 2017.

Indra maintains its 2018 guidance:

- 2018 Revenues: low single digit growth in constant currency versus 2017 reported figure (€3,011m)
- 2018 EBIT: slight increase vs 2017 reported figure (€196m)
- 2018 Free Cash Flow: around €100m before net working capital

Sales by verticals and regions



Human Resources

Final Workforce	9M18	%	9M17	%	Variation (%) vs 9M17
Spain	26,149	61	24,621	62	6
America	12,762	30	11,460	29	11
Europe	2,030	5	1,798	5	13
Asia, Middle East & Africa	1,917	4	1,753	4	9
Total	42,858	100	39,632	100	8

Average Workforce	9M18	%	9M17*	%	Variation (%) vs 9M17
Spain	25,618	63	24,402	61	5
America	11,409	28	11,936	30	(4)
Europe	1,992	5	1,849	5	8
Asia, Middle East & Africa	1,858	4	1,712	4	9
Total	40,876	100	39,899	100	2

(*) Displayed data includes TecnoCom's average workforce for the entire 2017 period

At the end of the third quarter of the year, total workforce amounted to 42,858 professionals, an increase of +8% vs 9M17. 9M18 average workforce increased by +2% (including TecnoCom's average workforce for the entire 2017 period).

Other events over the period

On 31 July 2018 Indra received notification of the National Commission on Markets and Competition (CNMC) Decision regarding the April 2016 file against eleven companies in the computing services and applications sector. The CNMC considered that these eleven companies may have undertaken practices contrary to the Competition regulation. Said Decision fined Indra with €13.5m, which was totally provisioned in 3Q18. Indra took actions against this Decision and appealed to the National High Court.

On 10 September 2018 Indra announced the acquisition of Advanced Control Systems (ACS), an American company specialized in manufacturing control systems and operating energy transmission networks. Through this deal, Indra completes its end-to-end offering in Energy by adding the own fabrication of SCADA (Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition) and distribution networks. Thanks to ACS, Indra gains access to the United States and Canada markets, countries that concentrate more than 3,200 utilities. The price of the deal was \$46m.

On 17 September 2018 Indra announced the launch of a new sales portfolio structure for the IT division based on the application in all markets of clarity, segmentation and simplification of the product portfolio. The Minsait brand now brings all of Indra's IT businesses.

On 19 September 2018 Indra announced the launch of Mova Solutions, the new portfolio of end-to-end solutions for Transport.

Analysis by division
Transport & Defence (T&D)

T&D	9M18 (€M)	9M17 (€M)	Variation (%)		3Q18 (€M)	3Q17 (€M)	Variation (%)	
			Reported	Local currency			Reported	Local currency
Net Order Intake	902	745	21	23	297	233	27	28
Revenues	777	811	(4)	(3)	259	258	0	1
- Defence & Security	389	408	(5)	(4)	117	128	(8)	(8)
- Transport & Traffic	388	403	(4)	(2)	141	131	8	10
Book-to-bill	1.16	0.92	26		1.15	0.90	27	
Backlog / Revs LTM	2.37	1.88	26					

T&D revenues in 9M18 went down by -3% in local currency (-4% in reported terms), improving its performance vs 1H18. The Transport & Traffic vertical showed better relative performance (backed by the Transport segment) compared to Defence & Security.

3Q18 sales increased by +1% in local currency (flat performance in reported terms). Transport & Traffic growth, which was boosted by the Transport segment (+42% in reported figures), offsetting the drop in Defence & Security.

9M18 order intake increased by +23% in local currency (+21% in reported terms), pushed by Transport, which posted robust growth in AMEA, America and Spain.

Minsait (IT)

Minsait (IT)	9M18 (€M)	9M17 (€M)	Variation (%)		3Q18 (€M)	3Q17 (€M)	Variation (%)	
			Reported	Local currency			Reported	Local currency
Net Order Intake	1,564	1,607	(3)	1	381	458	(17)	(13)
Revenues	1,396	1,305	7	11	452	478	(5)	(2)
- Energy & Industry	417	341	22	27	134	117	15	20
- Financial Services	481	437	10	14	152	146	4	8
- Telecom & Media	178	171	4	10	57	61	(6)	0
- PPAA & Healthcare	321	355	(10)	(7)	109	155	(30)	(28)
Book-to-bill	1.12	1.23	(9)		0.84	0.96	(12)	
Backlog / Revs LTM	0.68	0.76	(10)					

Minsait (IT) sales in 9M18 went up by +11% in local currency (+7% in reported figures), chiefly helped by the contribution of acquisitions and the positive dynamics in Energy & Industry.

All verticals in 9M18 grew at double digit rates in local currency except for Public Administrations & Healthcare, impacted by the difficult comparison vs the previous year (Elections business in AMEA).

Digital solutions sales amounted to €281m (which represents 20% of the IT sales), implying an increase of +26% vs 9M17.

3Q18 sales declined -2% in local currency (-5% in reported terms), held back by the Elections business. It is worth noting the positive performance of Energy & Industry (+20% in local currency) and Financial Services (+8% in local currency).

Minsait (IT) order intake grew by +1% in local currency (-3% in reported figures) in 9M18. All verticals posted growth at double digit rates except for Public Administrations & Healthcare, whose order intake fell due to the difficult comparison over the previous year (Elections business in AMEA). Excluding the Elections business, order intake would have grown +13% in reported terms.

Analysis by Region

Revenues by Region	9M18		9M17		Variation (%)		3Q18 (€M)	3Q17 (€M)	Variation (%)	
	(€M)	(%)	(€M)	(%)	Reported	Local currency			Reported	Local currency
Spain	1,112	51	985	47	13	13	350	328	7	7
America	431	20	467	22	(8)	4	147	163	(10)	1
Europe	363	17	359	17	1	2	107	106	2	2
Asia, Middle East & Africa	268	12	306	14	(12)	(10)	106	140	(25)	(24)
Total	2,174	100	2,116	100	3	6	711	737	(4)	(1)

By geographies, it is worth highlighting Spain (+13%; 51% of total sales), America (+4%; 20% of total sales), pushed by the inorganic contribution of acquisitions, and Europe (+2%; 17% of total sales) due to the positive performance of Energy & Industry. On the contrary, sales in AMEA decreased (-10% in local currency; 12% of total sales).

3Q18 revenues increased in local currency in all geographies except for AMEA, mainly affected by the difficult comparison vs 3Q17 (Elections business).

9M18 order Intake grew by +8% in local currency (+5% in reported terms). It is worth highlighting the growth registered in America (+16% in local currency) and Spain (+15%) thanks to the contribution of acquisitions, as well as in AMEA (+8% in local currency) due to the positive performance of Transport & Traffic. However, order intake in Europe decreased (Eurofigther program).

9M18 sales in Brazil, the most relevant country in America (c.35% of total revenues in the region), went up by +7% in local currency and EBIT margin reached 5.1% vs -2.0% in 9M17. Order intake increased by +26% thanks to the positive performance in Energy & Industry and Financial Services.

APPENDICES:
CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

	9M18	9M17	Variation		3Q18	3Q17	Variation	
	€M	€M	€M	%	€M	€M	€M	%
Revenue	2,173.7	2,115.8	57.9	3	710.6	736.7	(26.1)	(4)
In-house work on non-current assets and other income	53.4	34.1	19.3	57	19.7	11.8	7.9	67
Materials used and other supplies and other operating expenses	(859.9)	(903.1)	43.2	(5)	(300.6)	(332.7)	32.1	(10)
Staff Costs	(1,184.3)	(1,075.6)	(108.7)	10	(363.5)	(352.7)	(10.8)	3
Other gains or losses on non-current assets and other results	0.2	(0.7)	0.9	NA	0.3	(0.3)	0.6	NA
Gross Operating Result (EBITDA)	183.1	170.6	12.5	7	66.6	62.8	3.8	6
Depreciation and amortisation charge	(68.0)	(46.9)	(21.1)	45	(24.2)	(16.6)	(7.6)	46
Operating Result (EBIT)	115.1	123.7	(8.6)	(7)	42.4	46.2	(3.8)	(8)
EBIT Margin	5.3%	5.8%	(0.5) pp	NA	6.0%	6.3%	(0.3) pp	NA
Financial Loss	(27.9)	(21.8)	(6.1)	28	(11.0)	(7.8)	(3.2)	41
Result of companies accounted for using the equity method	(0.7)	(0.1)	(0.6)	NA	0.2	0.1	0.1	NA
Profit (Loss) before tax	86.5	101.8	(15.3)	(15)	31.7	38.5	(6.8)	(18)
Income tax	(30.2)	(15.9)	(14.3)	90	(13.1)	8.6	(21.7)	(252)
Profit (Loss) for the year	56.3	85.8	(29.5)	(34)	18.5	47.1	(28.6)	(61)
Profit (Loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	(1.7)	(1.3)	(0.4)	NA	(0.7)	(0.5)	(0.2)	NA
Profit (Loss) attributable to the Parent	54.6	84.5	(29.9)	(35)	17.8	46.6	(28.8)	(62)

Earnings per Share (according to IFRS)	9M18	9M17	Variation (%)
Basic EPS (€)	0.310	0.495	(37)
Diluted EPS (€)	0.293	0.454	(35)

	9M18	9M17
Total number of shares	176,654,402	176,654,402
Weighted treasury stock	476,995	534,920
Total shares considered	176,177,407	170,717,194
Total diluted shares considered	204,510,040	198,879,880
Treasury stock in the end of the period	367,010	763,749

Figures not audited

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing net profit by the average number of outstanding shares during the period less the average treasury shares of the period.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing net profit (adjusted by the impact of the €250m convertible bond issued in October 2013 with a conversion price of €14.29 and with a conversion price of 13.79€ since 28/04/2017, first trading day of the new shares after the Capital Increase associated with the Tecnocom's acquisition) and the €250m convertible bond issued in October 2016 with a conversion price of €14.629, and taking into account the repayment of €95m of the convertible bond issued in 2013), by the average number of outstanding shares during the period less the average treasury shares of the period and adding the theoretical new shares to be issued once assuming full conversion of the bonds.

The average number of shares used in the calculation of the EPS and dilutive EPS for treasury shares, total number of shares and theoretical shares to be issued related to the convertible bonds, are calculated using daily balances.

9M18 revenues went up +3% in reported figures (+6% in local currency). 3Q18 revenues went down by -4% in reported figures (-1% in local currency).

Other Income went up by €+19m in 9M18 due to the higher investment in R&D (€41m in 9M18 vs €22m in 9M17), in line with the increase in intangible assets (CAPEX).

Personnel expenses increased by +10% in 9M18, chiefly due to the impact of acquisitions (Tecnocom started to consolidate since 18th April 2017, along with the costs associated with its integration).

9M18 EBITDA increased +7% vs 9M17, equivalent to 8.4% margin vs 8.1% in 9M17. 3Q18 EBITDA margin reached 9.4% vs 8.5% in 3Q17.

9M18 D&A increased €+21m. This increase is explained by the intangible assets that started its commercialization phase and by the amortization of intangible assets from the Price Purchase Allocation (PPA) associated with Tecnocom (€5,5m).

9M18 EBIT decreased -7% vs 9M17, negatively affected by the Tecnocom restructuring costs that took place in the half-year (€13.3m) and by the CNMC fine in the third quarter (€13.5m). Excluding these impacts, EBIT would have increased +8% (€142m in 9M18 vs €132m in 9M17). EBIT margin stood at 5.3% in 9M18 (6.5% excluding the effects mentioned) vs 5.8% in 9M17 (6.2% excluding Tecnocom restructuring costs).

3Q18 EBIT amounted to €42m (affected by the €13.5m CNMC fine) vs €46m in 3Q17. 3Q18 EBIT Margin reached 6.0% (7.9% excluding the effect above mentioned) vs 6.3% in 3Q17.

Financial results worsened by €6m vs 9M17 due to the lower financial income from the cash position in Brazil (€+2m), hedging adjustments (€+3m) on projects (changes in milestones and scopes), and the expense (€+1m) of higher amount of gross debt despite its lower cost.

9M18 Tax expenses was equivalent to a tax rate of 35% vs 16% in 9M17. This increase is explained by the temporary non-deductible costs related to the CNMC fine as well as by impact of the optimization of the Company's taxable income in Brazil in 2017.

Net profit of the group decreased by -35% vs 9M17, dragged by the CNMC fine and higher Tecnocom restructuring costs, as well as by higher amortizations and tax expenses.

INCOME STATEMENT BY DIVISION
9M18

M€	T&D	IT	Eliminations	Total
Total Sales	777	1,396	-	2,174
Contribution Margin	156	193	-	349
<i>Contribution Margin (%)</i>	<i>20.1%</i>	<i>13.8%</i>	-	<i>16.0%</i>
EBIT	99	16	-	115
<i>EBIT Margin (%)</i>	<i>12.8%</i>	<i>1.1%</i>	-	<i>5.3%</i>

3Q18

T&D	IT	Eliminations	Total
259	452	-	711
51	76	-	126
<i>19.6%</i>	<i>16.8%</i>	-	<i>17.8%</i>
33	10	-	42
<i>12.6%</i>	<i>2.2%</i>	-	<i>6.0%</i>

9M17

T&D	IT	Eliminations	Total
811	1,305	-	2,116
168	164	-	332
<i>20.7%</i>	<i>12.6%</i>	-	<i>15.7%</i>
106	18	-	124
<i>13.0%</i>	<i>1.4%</i>	-	<i>5.8%</i>

3Q17

T&D	IT	Eliminations	Total
258	478	-	737
56	64	-	120
<i>21.6%</i>	<i>13.4%</i>	-	<i>16.3%</i>
36	10	-	46
<i>14.0%</i>	<i>2.1%</i>	-	<i>6.3%</i>

Figures not audited

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	9M 18	2017	Variation
	€M	€M	€M
Property, plant and equipment	100.7	104.1	(3.4)
Property investments	1.4	1.5	(0.1)
Other Intangible assets	346.5	352.2	(5.7)
Investments for using the equity method and other non-current financial assets	226.2	232.1	(5.9)
Goodwill	831.6	802.7	28.9
Deferred tax assets	161.3	165.8	(4.5)
Total non-current assets	1,667.8	1,658.4	9.4
Assets classified as held for sale	23.6	26.9	(3.3)
Operating current assets	1,303.3	1,321.9	(18.6)
Other current assets	142.1	160.3	(18.2)
Cash and cash equivalents	857.6	699.1	158.5
Total current assets	2,326.6	2,208.2	118.4
TOTAL ASSETS	3,994.4	3,866.6	127.8
Share Capital and Reserves	601.7	640.8	(39.1)
Treasury shares	(3.7)	(9.4)	5.7
Equity attributable to parent company	598.0	631.4	(33.4)
Non-controlling interests	19.7	17.5	2.2
TOTAL EQUITY	617.7	648.9	(31.2)
Provisions for contingencies and charges	73.4	70.2	3.2
Bank borrowings and financial liabilities relating to issues of debt instruments and other marketable securities	1,337.9	1,016.4	321.5
Deferred tax liabilities	3.2	20.8	(17.6)
Other non-current financial liabilities	139.6	136.5	3.1
Total Non-current liabilities	1,554.1	1,243.9	310.2
Liabilities classified as held for sale	0.0	0.0	0.0
Current bank borrowings and financial liabilities relating to issues of debt instruments and other marketable securities	205.4	271.0	(65.6)
Operating current liabilities	1,274.2	1,328.2	(54.0)
Other current liabilities	343.0	374.6	(31.6)
Total Current liabilities	1,822.7	1,973.7	(151.0)
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	3,994.4	3,866.6	127.8
Current bank borrowings and financial liabilities relating to issues of debt instruments and other marketable securities	(205.4)	(271.0)	65.6
Bank borrowings and financial liabilities relating to issues of debt instruments and other marketable securities	(1,337.9)	(1,016.4)	(321.5)
Gross financial debt	(1,543.3)	(1,287.3)	(256.0)
Cash and cash equivalents	857.6	699.1	158.5
Net Debt	(685.7)	(588.2)	(97.5)

Figures not audited

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	9M18	9M17	Variation	3Q18	3Q17	Variation
	€M	€M	€M	€M	€M	€M
Profit Before Tax	86.5	101.8	(15.3)	31.7	38.5	(6.8)
Adjusted for:						
- Depreciation and amortization charge	68.0	46.9	21.1	24.2	16.6	7.6
- Provisions, capital grants and others	(19.9)	(16.8)	(3.1)	(0.6)	(5.0)	4.4
- Result of companies accounted for using the equity method	0.7	0.1	0.6	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)
- Financial loss	27.9	21.8	6.1	11.0	7.8	3.2
Dividends received	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	(0.1)
Profit (Loss) from operations before changes in working capital	163.4	153.8	9.6	66.0	57.9	8.1
Changes in receivables (net)	36.0	(34.6)	70.6	31.9	27.7	4.2
Changes in inventories (net)	(65.3)	(20.8)	(44.5)	(16.5)	(5.1)	(11.4)
Changes in payables (net)	(66.8)	39.8	(106.6)	(61.3)	24.5	(85.8)
Changes in working capital	(96.0)	(15.6)	(80.4)	(46.0)	47.1	(93.1)
Other operating changes	(42.7)	(31.5)	(11.2)	16.5	(11.8)	28.3
Tangible (net)	(12.3)	(6.2)	(6.1)	(4.4)	(3.6)	(0.8)
Intangible (net)	(35.9)	(18.3)	(17.6)	(9.7)	(5.8)	(3.9)
Capex	(48.2)	(24.5)	(23.7)	(14.1)	(9.4)	(4.7)
Interest paid and received	(10.7)	(10.9)	0.2	(2.4)	(2.7)	0.3
Income tax paid	(11.8)	(27.3)	15.5	(5.0)	(6.0)	1.0
Free Cash Flow	(45.9)	44.1	(90.0)	15.1	75.1	(60.0)
Changes in other financial assets	0.2	0.6	(0.4)	0.8	0.6	0.2
Financial investments/divestments	(39.6)	(144.0)	104.4	(40.0)	(4.2)	(35.8)
Dividends paid by companies to non-controlling shareholders	0.0	(0.1)	0.1	0.0	(0.7)	0.7
Dividends of the parent company	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shareholders contributions	0.0	(5.2)	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Changes in treasury shares	(2.9)	(5.4)	2.5	0.3	(0.3)	0.6
Cash-flow provided/(used) in the period	(88.2)	(110.0)	21.8	(23.8)	70.5	(94.3)
Initial Net Debt	(588.2)					
Cash-flow provided/(used) in the period	(88.2)					
Foreign exchange differences and variation with no impact in cash	(9.3)					
Final Net Debt	(685.7)					
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	699.1	673.9	25.2			
Foreign exchange differences	(4.7)	(9.7)	5.0			
Increase (decrease) in borrowings	251.4	84.2	167.2			
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(88.2)	(110.0)	21.8			
Ending balance of cash and cash equivalents	857.6	638.5	219.1			
Long term and current borrowings	(1,543.3)	(1,318.3)	(225.0)			
Final Net Debt	(685.7)	(679.9)	(5.8)			

Figures not audited

9M18 Operating Cash Flow before net working capital increased +6% (€163m vs €154m) as a consequence of the improvement in profitability and despite the higher TecnoCom restructuring costs in 9M18 vs 9M17. In 3Q18, this item went up by +14%.

9M18 Net Working Capital variation was negative (€-96m vs €-16m in 9M17) mainly as a result of worsening payables (€-67m) as well as by the increase in inventories (€-65m), explained by the IFRS 15 impact and the serial production of T&D related products in order to improve the Time to Market.

Net Working Capital (Operating Current Assets – Operating Current Liabilities) increased to €29m (vs €-37m in June 2018) as a consequence of the increase in inventories and the reduction of payables. As a result, Net Working Capital was equivalent to 3 Days of LTM Sales (DoS) vs -4 DoS in June 2018 and vs -1 DoS in December 2017.

Non-recourse factoring lines remain stable at €187m, same as both in December 2017 and in 9M17.

Other Operating Changes increased €+11m vs 9M17. This item mainly includes the variable remuneration of the Company's employees, as well as payments to the Public Administration (VAT, Social Security, Personnel Income Tax withholding).

CAPEX (net of subsidies) stood at €48m in 9M18 vs €24m in 9M17, in line with the higher investment commitments announced by the Company in the Strategic Plan 2018-2020. Intangible investments reached €36m in 9M18 vs €18m in 9M17 and tangible investments amounted to €12m in 9M18 vs €6m in 9M17.

Financial Results was similar to 9M17 (€11m in both periods).

9M18 Taxes was lower than 9M17, due to some tax refunds from the Spanish tax authorities related to 2016 fiscal year that took place in 1Q18.

9M18 Free Cash Flow was €-46m (vs €+44m in 9M17), affected by the seasonality of the third quarter as well as by the difficult comparison with 3Q17, which was helped by a relevant working capital contribution.

Net Debt increased to €686m in 9M18 (vs €588m in December 2017) mainly due to the negative cash generation in the period (€-46m) and the acquisition payment of Advanced Control Systems (c. €40m). Net Debt/EBITDA LTM ratio stood at 2.5x (at 1.4x if we exclude the cash outflows from the acquisitions payments in 2017 and 2018).

Gross debt borrowing costs were 2.1%, improving 0.1 pp vs 9M17.

ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES (APMS)

Due to the application of the Alternative Performance Measures (APM) published by the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA), Management of the Group considers that certain APMS provides useful financial information that should be considered to evaluate the performance of the Group by users. Additionally, Management uses these APMS for making financial, operating and strategic decisions, as well as to evaluate the Group performance. It should be noted that the amounts of the APMS have not been subject to any type of audit or review by the auditors of the Company.

Operating Margin

Definition/Conciliation: Represents the Operating Result (EBIT) plus staff reorganization costs, integration and acquisition costs, amortization of intangible assets from acquisitions, equity based compensation and possible fines.

Explanation: Metric that the Group uses to define its operating profitability before certain extraordinary costs and widely used by investors when evaluating Information Technology businesses.

Likewise, the Group uses it as an indicator of the performance of the Operating Margin (%) that is the result of the ratio between Operating Margin and the amount of sales for the same period.

Coherence in the criteria applied: Information Technology company's report this metric.

Operating Result (EBIT):

Definition/Conciliation: It is defined in the consolidated income statement.

Explanation: Metric that the Group uses to define its operating profitability and widely used by investors when evaluating businesses.

Likewise, the Group uses it as an indicator of the performance of the EBIT margin, which is the result of the ratio between EBIT and the amount of sales for the same period. This indicator is explained as the operating profit of the Group for each euro of sales.

Coherence in the criteria applied: There is no change in the criteria applied compared to last year.

Gross Operating Result (EBITDA):

Definition/Conciliation: Represents the Operating Result (EBIT) plus Depreciations and Amortizations.

Explanation: Metric that the Group uses to define its operating profitability, and widely used by investors when evaluating businesses.

Likewise, the Group uses it as an indicator of the performance of the EBITDA margin, which is the result of the ratio between EBITDA and the amount of sales for the same period. This indicator is explained as the operating profit of the Group plus Depreciations and Amortizations for each euro of sales.

Coherence in the criteria applied: There is no change in the criteria applied compared to last year.

Net Financial Debt:

Definition/Conciliation: Represents Cash and Cash equivalents less Non-current Loans and Borrowings and less Current Loans and Borrowings. Net Financial Debt is obtained by subtracting the balances corresponding to the headings of the Consolidated Balance Sheet, "Long and Current borrowings with Credit Institutions" and "Financial Liabilities for Issuance of Non-current and Other Marketable Securities", the amount of the heading "Cash and cash equivalents".

Explanation: Financial proxy that the Group uses to measure its leverage.

Likewise, the Group uses the ratio Net Financial Debt over EBITDA as an indicator of its leverage and repayment capacity of its financial debt. For that reason, the figure used to calculate the ratio for intermediate periods is made by taking into consideration the equivalent last twelve months EBITDA immediately preceding the calculation date of the ratio.

Coherence in the criteria applied: There is no change in the criteria applied compared to last year.

Free Cash Flow:

Definition/Conciliation: These are the funds generated by the Company excluding dividend payments, net financial investments/divestments and others, and the investment in treasury stock.

Explanation: It is the treasury made by the operations of the Group that is available to providers (shareholders and financial creditors) once the investment needs of the Group are already satisfied. It is an indicator used by investors when evaluating businesses.

Coherence in the criteria applied: There is no change in the criteria applied compared to last year.

Contribution Margin:

Definition/Conciliation: It is the difference between revenues and direct and indirect costs of the segments or businesses of the Group. Direct costs are those directly attributable to the sales recognized in a specific period of time and include the cost of the headcount or subcontractors used in the projects as well as any incurred costs related to the development and completion of the project; such as material costs, travel expenses of the project, among others. Indirect costs are those which, although are linked to a segment or businesses of the Group, are not directly attributable to billable projects or to revenues accounted for a specific period of time; such as, commercial costs, cost of making offers, the cost of management of a specific segment, among others. Contribution margin does not include overheads as these costs are not directly attributable to a particular segment or business.

Explanation: contribution margin measures the operating profitability of a segment or business of the Group excluding overheads, as these costs are not directly attributable to a particular segment or business.

Likewise, in order to ease the comparison between segments with different relative weight over the total revenues of the Group, it is used the contribution margin ratio over revenues of a segment or business. This indicator is explained as the contribution margin for each euro of sales of a specific segment.

Coherence in the criteria applied: There is no change in the criteria applied compared to last year.

Order Intake:

Definition/Conciliation: It is the amount of contracts won over a period of time. Order intake cannot be confused with revenues or the net amount of sales because the amount of a contract won in a specific period of time (and that computes as Order Intake in that period of time) can be executed over several years.

Explanation: Order intake is an indicator of the future performance of the Group because it is the amount of the contracts won over a period of time.

Coherence in the criteria applied: There is no change in the criteria applied compared to last year.

Backlog:

Definition/Conciliation: It is the amount of accumulated order intake less revenues executed, plus/minus forex adjustments and the renegotiation of the contracts, among others. It is the pending revenues figure until the completion of the project to complete the order intake figure.

Explanation: Backlog is an indicator of the future performance of the Group because it is the amount of the contracts won still to be executed.

Coherence in the criteria applied: There is no change in the criteria applied compared to last year.

GLOSSARY

AMEA: Asia, Middle East and Africa.

ATM: Air Traffic Management.

BPO: Business Process Outsourcing.

Book-to-Bill: Order intake/Revenues ratio.

CAPEX: Capital Expenditure.

DoS: Days of Sale.

EBITDA: Earnings Before Interests, Taxes, Depreciations and Amortizations.

EBIT: Earnings Before Interests and Taxes.

EPS: Earnings Per Share.

IT: Information Technology

LTM: Last Twelve Months.

MoD: Ministry of Defence.

OPEX: Operating Expenses.

PPA: Purchase Price Allocation.

R&D: Research & Development.

T&D: Transport & Defence.